South Tyneside Council

NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

Contact Name and Address:
Grey Area Creative Ltd
16 Aylmer Grove
Newton Aycliffe
DL5 4NF

Application No: ST/0255/22/FUL
Date of Issue: 20/06/2022

In pursuance of their powers under the above mentioned Acts, South Tyneside Council as Local Planning Authority hereby **GRANT** planning permission for the following:

Proposal: Change of use to private garden area and erection of boundary wall, gates and associated landscaping.
Location: Toad Hall, Front Street, East Boldon, NE36 0SF

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION(S) AND REASON(S):

1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below

- Proposed Elevations received 23/03/22
- Proposed Floor Plan received 06/05/22
- Wall and dividing fence heights received 23/03/22

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

3 The external surfaces of the development hereby permitted shall be as stated on the planning application form received 23/03/22 and in accordance with the details shown on

- Proposed Elevations received 23/03/22
- Proposed Floor Plan received 06/05/22
- Wall and dividing fence heights received 23/03/22

Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority pursuant to this condition.

To ensure a satisfactory standard of development in the interests of visual amenity and to preserve the character and appearance of the East Boldon Conservation Area in accordance with adopted South Tyneside LDF Development Management Policies DM1 and DM6.

NOTES TO APPLICANT:

1 In dealing with this application the Council has implemented the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework to seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

2 The proposed development lies within a coal mining area which may contain unrecorded coal mining related hazards. If any coal mining feature is encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848.

Further information is also available on the Coal Authority website at:
www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

3 NOTES TO APPLICANT

Your attention is drawn to the Party Wall Etc. Act 1996, which provides a framework for preventing and resolving disputes in relation to party walls, boundary walls and excavations near neighbouring buildings.

A building owner proposing to start work covered by the Act must give adjoining owners notice of their intentions in the way set down in the Act. Adjoining owners can agree or disagree with what is proposed. Where they disagree, the Act provides a mechanism for resolving disputes.

The Act is separate from obtaining planning permission or building regulations approval and you can find out more about it at:
https://www.gov.uk/party-wall-etc-act-1996-guidance

4 Any proposed gates should open into the site to avoid any potential obstruction of the highway.

L Sloan

Louise Sloan
Senior Development Services Manager

Your attention is drawn to the attached schedule of notes which form part of this notice

NOTES

1 This certificate is issued under the Town and Country Planning Acts, Regulations and Orders and does not constitute a permission, approval or consent by South Tyneside Council for any other purpose whatsoever. Applications must therefore be made to the appropriate Departments of the Council for any other permission, approval or consent (including Building Regulations approval or approval of South Tyneside Council as ground landlord where appropriate) which may be necessary in connection with the proposed development or anything incidental thereto, or the use to be made of the premises which form the subject of such development.

2 You may also require permissions, approvals or consents under other legislation, or from bodies other than South Tyneside Council. This could include works affecting a public sewer, gas main, or electricity line, works within the adopted highway, works affecting a public right of way, property covenants, legislation relating to disabled persons, land drainage consent, waste management consent, scheduled monument consent or works affecting protected habitats or species.

3. Any non-material change to the approved plan(s) that form part of this permission would require the submission of an application for a non-material change under section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Whether changes to a proposed development are considered non-material is a matter for Planning Authority discretion.

4 The approved development should be implemented in strict compliance with all of the planning conditions, and in particular any which require details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development. Failure to do so may result in any commencement of development being unauthorised, which could be liable to enforcement action.

5 If you wish to change, or not comply with, any of the planning conditions attached to the permission, then you will need to submit a new application for planning permission under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. This does not affect your statutory rights of appeal against any of the planning conditions. This includes if you wish to not comply with a condition attached to a permission which details the approved plan(s), so as to make a minor material change to the approved plan(s). A minor material change is defined as one whose scale and nature results in a development that is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

6 Your attention is drawn to your responsibilities under the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 and the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 relating to disabled persons, to ensure that adequate attention has been paid to their needs. If the proposed development involves new or existing buildings to which the public are to be admitted, or offices, shops, railway premises, factories or educational buildings, provision should be made for the means of access, parking and sanitary conveniences to meet the needs of disabled people. In addition, appropriate signposting of the facilities should be provided. In carrying out these statutory obligations your attention is drawn to the "Code of Practice for Access for the Disabled to Buildings" (BS5810:1979). You are advised to seek professional advice to ensure that you meet your legal obligations under the Disability Discrimination Act 1995, especially with regard to Part III thereof.

APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

7 **Only the applicant possesses the right of appeal**

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice unless:

- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice [reference no. if applicable], if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice; or

- If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details are on GOV.UK.

PURCHASE NOTICES

8 If permission to develop land is granted subject to conditions, whether by South Tyneside Council as local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council, requiring the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.